FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

<u>Directors</u> Mr. Mohamad Ghanameh

Mr. Adel Kasaji

Mr. Qutaiba Hawamdeh

Registered Office P.O. Box 2400,

Manama,

Kingdom of Bahrain.

<u>Fund Company</u> IIAB Islamic MENA Fund Company B.S.C. (c)

<u>Investment Manager</u> Al Arabi Investment Group Co.

Administrator and Custodian Gulf Custody Company B.S.C. (c)

P.O. Box 2400,

Manama,

Kingdom of Bahrain.

Shari'ah Board His Eminence Sheikh Professor Dr. Ahmad Mohammed Helayyel

His Eminence Sheikh Said Abdul Haffeth Asa'ad Al Hijjawi

Professor Dr. Ahmad Subhi Ahmad Al Ayyadi

<u>Principal Banker</u> ABC Islamic Bank, Bahrain

<u>Auditor</u> Deloitte & Touche,

P.O. Box 421,

Manama,

Kingdom of Bahrain.

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors present the annual report and financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2010.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Fund is an open ended collective investment scheme and its primary objective is to achieve long term capital appreciation whilst adhering to Islamic Shari'ah principles. The Fund invests mainly in listed and unlisted equities and equity related securities in the MENA region. In addition, the Fund may trade in securities listed on other stock exchanges or traded over the counter if a significant part of the operations or assets of issuers are involved in the MENA region.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results of the operations of the Fund are summarised on page 5.

#### APPROPRIATIONS

None.

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution proposing the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche as the auditor of the Fund for the year ending September 30, 2011 and authorising the Directors to determine their remuneration will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Director April 6, 2011

## **Deloitte.**

BH 99-8-12

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS

IIAB Islamic MENA Fund, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain Deloitte & Touche - Middle East Office 44 Al-Zamil Tower Government Avenue PO Box 421, Manama Kingdom of Bahrain

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#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of IIAB Islamic MENA Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2010, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS (CONTINUED)

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of IIAB Islamic MENA Fund as of September 30, 2010, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 7 (a) to the financial statements. The securities designated at fair value through profit or loss represent investments in listed securities, which, according to the Fund Manager, provide the Fund with the opportunity to enhance the return on investment through trading gains. The fair values of these securities are based on quoted market prices. Certain markets and securities may be illiquid and published market prices may not necessarily represent realisable value.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We confirm that, in our opinion, proper accounting records have been maintained by the Fund and the financial statements, are prepared in accordance with those records. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the financial information provided in the Board of Directors' Report is in agreement with the financial statements and based on the information and explanations provided by the management which were required for the purpose of our audit, we are not aware of any violation of Module CIU (Collective Investment Undertakings) issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("the CBB"), contained in Volume 6 of the CBB Rulebook, having occurred during the year ended September 30, 2010 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Fund or on its financial position.

Manama – Kingdom of Bahrain April 6, 2011 Delo: He 2 Touche

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		<u>USD</u>
6	2,694,799	2,825,888
_		
	•	4,432,715
8	10,869	95,924
	7,570,106	7,354,527
9	28,012	26,559
10	51,385	99,514
	79,397	126,073
	7,490,709	7,228,454
11	12,825,288	12,632,669
	(3,638,017)	(3,277,306)
7	(1,696,562)	(2,126,909)
	7,490,709	7,228,454
	1,330,080	1,295,505
16	5.6318	5.5796
	10 11 7	7 4,864,438 8 10,869 

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Directors on April 6, 2011 and signed on their behalf by:

Director

Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2010</u> <u>USD</u>	<u>2009</u> <u>USD</u>
Investment income: Dividend income	10	100.705	222.054
Other operating income	12 12	198,785 305	223,054 1,199
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		199,090	224,253
Expenses:			
Management fees	5 & 13	110,743	96,045
Custody and administration fees	5 & 15	75,000	74,948
Registrar and transfer agent fees	5	6,000	5,996
Representative fees	•	5,000	4,997
Shari'ah board fees	5	10,200	10,200
Professional fees	-	19,164	15,451
Bank charges		984	2,446
Foreign exchange loss		17,437	93,408
Other expenses		13,385	16,578
Total expenses		257,913	
Investment loss- net		(58,823)	(95,816)
Realised and unrealised gain or loss on securities designated at fair value through profit or loss:		<b>**</b>	<del></del>
Net realised loss		(301,888)	(3,108,968)
Increase in fair value		430,347	289,973
Net gain / (loss) on securities designated at fair		100 450	(4.04.0.00.0)
value through profit or loss		128,459	(2,818,995)
Net increase / (decrease) in net assets resulting			
from operations		69,636	(2,914,811)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		69,636	
		======	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	2010 USD	2009 USD
Investment loss – net	(58,823)	(95,816)
Net realised loss on securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	(301,888)	(3,108,968)
Change in fair value of securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	430,347	289,973
Net increase / (decrease) in net assets resulting from		
operations	69,636	(2,914,811)
Change in net assets from capital share transactions	192,619	579,392
Change in net assets	262,255	(2,335,419)
Net assets – beginning of the year	7,228,454	9,563,873
Net assets – end of the year	7,490,709	7,228,454

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	2010 USD	2009 USD
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase / (decrease) in net assets resulting from		
operations	69,636	(2,914,811)
Adjustments for:		
Dividend income	(198,785)	
Murabaha profit	(305)	(1,199)
Net (gain) / loss on securities designated at fair value	(100 150)	• 04000
through profit or loss	(128,459)	2,818,995
	(257,913)	(320,069)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease / (increase) in other assets		(56,646)
Increase / (decrease) in due to a related party	1,453	(12,534)
Decrease in accrued fees and charges	(48,129)	(63,132)
Cash used in operations	(256,609)	(452,381)
Purchase of securities designated at fair value through profit		
or loss	(3,211,052)	(2,701,766)
Proceeds from disposal of securities designated at fair value		
through profit or loss	2,907,788	
Dividend received	235,860	
Murabaha profit received	305	1,199
Net cash (used in) / from operating activities	(323,708)	1,623,342
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of units	245,553	759,968
Payments on redemption of units	(52,934)	(180,576)
Net cash from financing activities	192,619	579,392
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(131,089)	2,202,734
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,825,888	623,154
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,694,799	2,825,888
Comprising:		
Cash at banks (Note 6)	2,694,799	2,825,888
		=====-

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 1. **STATUS AND ACTIVITIES:**

IIAB Islamic MENA Fund ("the Fund") is an open-ended investment fund established by IIAB Islamic MENA Fund Company B.S.C. (c) ("the Fund Company"). The Fund is an Expert Fund under the collective investment undertakings regulations issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("the CBB") under circular number EDFIS/C/020/2007. The Fund has been registered at the Ministry of Industry & Commerce and is authorised and approved by the CBB.

The Fund was launched on March 26, 2008.

The Fund aims at the realisation of capital growth in the long run through the investment in companies situated in MENA region in compliance with the Islamic investment principles as detailed in the prospectus.

The Fund is managed by Al Arabi Investment Group Co. ("the Investment Manager") a company incorporated in Jordan. The Fund is administered by Gulf Custody Company B.S.C. (c) ("the Administrator" and "the Custodian") (which also acts as the Custodian of the Fund), a closed joint stock company incorporated under the laws of the Kingdom of Bahrain. The Fund Company is approved by the CBB and incorporated as closed joint stock company under the laws of the Kingdom of Bahrain and has been established to act as an umbrella vehicle for the Fund.

The financial statements represent the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows of the Fund only.

The Fund does not have any employees and utilises the services of the Investment Manager, Administrator and Custodian to operate the Fund.

#### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS:

#### 2.1 Standards affecting the disclosures and presentation in the current year

The following revised Standards have been adopted in the current year and have affected disclosures and presentations in the financial statements. Details of other Standards adopted in these financial statements but that have had no effect on the amounts reported are set out in Note 2.2.

IAS 1 (revised 2007) Presentation of Financial Statements

The revised Standard has introduced a number of terminology changes (including revised titles for the financial statements) and has resulted in a number of changes in presentation and disclosure. However, the revised Standard has had no impact on the reported results or financial position of the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 2. <u>ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS: (CONTINUED)</u>

## 2.1 Standards affecting the disclosures and presentation in the current year (Continued)

Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)

The amendments to IFRS 7 expand the disclosures required in respect of fair value measurements and liquidity risk. The Fund has elected not to provide comparative information for these expanded disclosures in the current year in accordance with the transitional reliefs offered in these amendments.

#### 2.2 Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on the financial statements

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have also been adopted in these financial statements. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

	Effective for annual periods
	beginning on or after
	January 1, 2009
Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	July 1, 2009
d:	
Operating Segments	January 1, 2009
	•
First-time Adoption of International Financial	
Reporting Standards-Amendment relating to cost of	
an investment on first time adoption	January 1, 2009
Share-based Payment-Amendment relating to	·
vesting conditions and cancellations	January 1, 2009
Presentation of Financial Statements-Amendments	•
relating to disclosure of puttable instruments and	
obligations arising on liquidation	January 1, 2009
Business Combinations- Comprehensive revision on	
applying the acquisition method	July 1, 2009
Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued	
Operations- Amendments resulting from May 2008	
annual improvements to IFRSs	July 1, 2009
Borrowing Costs-Comprehensive revision to	
	January 1, 2009
Amendment relating to cost of an investment on	
	January 1, 2009
Consequential amendments arising from	
amendments to IFRS 3	July 1, 2009
	Reporting Standards-Amendment relating to cost of an investment on first time adoption Share-based Payment-Amendment relating to vesting conditions and cancellations Presentation of Financial Statements-Amendments relating to disclosure of puttable instruments and obligations arising on liquidation Business Combinations- Comprehensive revision on applying the acquisition method Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations- Amendments resulting from May 2008 annual improvements to IFRSs Borrowing Costs-Comprehensive revision to prohibit immediate expensing Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements-Amendment relating to cost of an investment on first time adoption Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements-

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS: (CONTINUED)

## 2.2 Standards and Interpretations adopted with no effect on the financial statements (Continued)

Amendments to	o Standards and Interpretations:	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
IAS 28	Investments in Associates-Consequential amendments	
	arising from amendments to IFRS 3	July 1, 2009
IAS 31	Interests in Joint Ventures-Consequential amendments	
	arising from amendments to IFRS 3	July 1, 2009
IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation - Amendments	
	relating to disclosure of puttable instruments and	
	obligations arising on liquidation	January 1, 2009
Various	Certain amendments resulting from May 2008 Annual	
Standards	Improvements to IFRS's	Various
IAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement-	
	Amendments for eligible hedged Items	July 1, 2009

#### 2.3 Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not effective:

were in issue b	out not effective:	
		Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
New Interpreta	ation:	- 0
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	July 1, 2010
New Standard	•	
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	January 1, 2013
Amendments to	o Standards and Interpretations:	
IFRS 1	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – Amendments relating to oil and gas assets and determining whether an arrangement contains a lease	
		January 1, 2010
IFRS 1	First time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards- Limited exemption from comparative IFRS 7 disclosures for First time adopters	
	discissives for 1 hot time adopters	July 1, 2010
IFRS 2	Share-based Payment-Amendments relating to group	₩ - <b>ÿ</b> - ·
	cash-settled share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2010
IFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures – Amendments	
	enhancing disclosure about transfers of financial assets	Index 1 (2011)
IFRS 8	Operating Segments – Amendments for disclosure of	July 1, 2011
11 113 0	segment assets	January 1, 2010
IAS 24	Related Party Disclosures – Revised definition of related	•
	parties	January 1, 2011

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS: (CONTINUED)

#### 2.3 Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments	to Standards and Interpretations: (Continued)	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation	February 1, 2010
Various Standards IFRIC 14	Amendments resulting from April 2009 and May 2010 Annual Improvements to IFRS's IAS 19 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset,	Various
	Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	January 1, 2011

The Directors anticipate that all of the above Standards and Interpretations as applicable, will be adopted in the Fund's financial statements in future periods and that the adoption of those Standards and Interpretations will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

#### 3. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the updated Prospectus dated February 10, 2009 and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments.

The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD") being the functional currency of the Fund.

The significant accounting policies are as follows:

#### (a) Investments in Securities

The values of securities listed on a securities exchange are based on the official closing price on that exchange on the day of valuation or, if no sale had occurred on such day, at the last bid price on such day if held long, and at the last asked price if held short. Transactions in marketable securities are accounted for on the trade date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investments within the time frame established by the market concerned.

Investments in securities are classified into securities designated at fair value through profit or loss which are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value. Any resultant change in the fair value is recognised in the results of the year as unrealised gains or losses. Realised gains and losses from disposal of securities are determined on an average cost basis.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets of fixed or determinable amounts that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and are subsequently increased at amortised cost.

#### (c) Payables

Payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the provider or not. These are carried at amortised cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be settled in the future.

#### (d) Revenue Recognition

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

## (e) Foreign Currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recognised in United States Dollars at the approximate rates of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the valuation date are retranslated at the rates of exchange at that date. Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Translation differences on monetary items are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss in the results of the year.

#### (f) Expenses

All recurring expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis.

Expenses which are incidental to the disposal of an investment are deducted from the disposal proceeds of the investment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 4. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINITY:</u>

In the application of the Fund's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## Critical judgements in applying the Fund's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in financial statements.

#### Classification of investments

Management has to decide upon acquisition of an investment whether it should be classified as held to maturity, available-for-sale or investments at fair value through profit or loss. For those deemed to be held to maturity, the Fund ensures that the requirements of IAS 39 are met and in particular the Fund has the positive intention and ability to hold these to maturity. The Fund classifies investments as carried at fair value through profit or loss if they are acquired primarily for the purpose to be held for trading or upon initial recognition it is designated by the Fund as at fair value through profit or loss. All other investments are classified as available-for-sale.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There were no significant key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 5. **FEES AND EXPENSES:**

#### (a) Management Fee

The Investment Manager is entitled to an annual Management Fee at a maximum of 1.5% of the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund prior to the accrual of the performance fee for its services as Investment Manager. The Management Fee is calculated and accrued as at each Valuation Day and payable quarterly in arrears.

#### (b) Performance Fee

The Investment Manager is also entitled to a Performance Fee equivalent to 15% of any additional return over the Hurdle Rate (as defined in the Prospectus) of 8% per annum (after the deduction of all Fees) since the closing date or the previous year end on which the Performance Fee was paid (which ever is later). The Fund will pay to the Investment Manager on the last day of that financial year.

#### (c) Shari'ah Board Fee

The Fund shall pay each of the members of the Shari'ah Board USD 3,400 per annum. The Fee is calculated and accrued as at each Valuation Day and payable annually in arrears.

#### (d) Custody and Administration Fee

Under the Administration and Custody agreement, the Fund pays the Administrator and Custodian as remuneration for its on-going services a fee accruing on each Valuation Day at the annual rate of 0.2% of the NAV of the Fund on such Valuation Day (subject to a minimum fee of USD 75,000 per annum).

#### (e) Registrar and Transfer Agent Fee

Under the terms of the Registrar agreement, the Fee payable by the Fund for the provision of such service will be USD 6,000 per annum for up to 100 Unitholders and USD 40 per annum per additional Unitholder. The Registrar and Transfer Agent Fee is calculated and accrued as at each Valuation Day and payable quarterly in arrears.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 6. CASH AT BANKS:

Cash at banks consists of balances in current accounts with various financial institutions.

## 7. <u>SECURITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS:</u>

This caption consists of investments in listed shares in the following countries:

September 30, 2010

	<u>Cost</u> <u>USD</u>	Fair value USD	Change in Fair value USD
Kuwait	941,796	442,862	(498,934)
Oman	271,383	233,976	(37,407)
Qatar	850,413	801,766	(48,647)
United Arab Emirates	965,687	504,030	(461,657)
Saudi Arabia	2,688,803	2,173,010	(515,793)
Egypt	555,431	486,769	(68,662)
Bahrain	90,080	58,886	(31,194)
Jordan	197,407	163,139	(34,268)
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
	6,561,000	4,864,438	(1,696,562)
		======	

September 30, 2009

	<u>Cost</u> <u>USD</u>	<u>Fair value</u> <u>USD</u>	Change in Fair value USD
Kuwait	869,319	382,110	(487,209)
Oman	148,891	127,436	(21,455)
Qatar	701,385	621,121	(80,264)
United Arab Emirates	1,360,349	576,714	(783,635)
Saudi Arabia	2,762,715	2,161,568	(601,147)
Egypt	626,885	501,697	(125,188)
Bahrain	90,080	62,069	(28,011)
	6,559,624	4,432,715	(2,126,909)
	======	======	======

(a) The securities designated at fair value through profit or loss represent investments in listed securities, which according to the Fund Manager provide the Fund with the opportunity to enhance the return on investment through trading gains. The fair values of these securities are based on quoted market prices. Certain markets and securities may be illiquid and published market prices may not necessarily represent realisable value.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

8. OTHER ASSETS:		<u>2010</u>	2009
		<u>USD</u>	USD
Accrued dividends Due from brokers		10,869 -	47,944 47,980
		10,869	95,924 =====
9. <b>DUE TO A RELATED PARTY:</b>			
		<u>2010</u> <u>USD</u>	<u>2009</u> <u>USD</u>
Due to: Al Arabi Investment Group Co. Management Fees		28,012 =	26,559 
10. ACCRUED FEES AND CHARG	EES:		
		2010 USD	<u>2009</u> <u>USD</u>
Custody and administration fees Professional fees Shari'ah board fees		18,904 15,477 10,200	14,854
Due to brokers Other payables		- 6,804	57,530
		51,385	99,514 ======
11. <u>CAPITAL:</u>			
	<u>20</u> <u>No. of</u> <u>units</u>	<u>10</u> <u>USD</u>	2009 No. of USD units
Opening balance Subscriptions during the year Redemptions during the year	1,295,505 44,344 (9,769)	12,632,669 245,553	1,208,268 12,053,277 123,560 759,968 (36,323) (180,576
Ending balance	1,330,080	12,825,288	1,295,505 12,632,669

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 12. **INVESTMENT INCOME:**

An analysis of the Fund's investment income is as follows:

An analysis of the Fund's investment income is as follows:		
•	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	<u>USD</u>	USD
Dividend income:		
Dividend from listed shares	198,785	223,054
Other operating income:		
Murabaha profit	305	1,199
	199,090	224,253
		======

## 13. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:**

IIAB Islamic MENA Fund Company B.S.C. (c) is a related party as it was incorporated to create the Fund.

Al Arabi Investment Group Co. is a related party as it is the principal Shareholder of the Fund Company.

Arab Bank Plc is a related party as it is the ultimate parent of the Fund Company, correspondingly all branches of Arab Bank Plc are also considered as related parties. Oman Arab Bank is an affiliate of Arab Bank Plc.

- The following transactions occurred between the Fund and its related parties:

		<u>Amour</u>	<u>ıt Incurred</u>
	Nature of	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Related party	<u>Transactions</u>	<u>USD</u>	USD
Al Arabi Investment Group Co.	Management fees	110,743	96,045
		=====	

- The following related party owns units in the Fund as at September 30, 2010 & 2009:

Related party	Nature of relationship	Number of units
Islamic International Arab Bank	Subsidiary of Arab Bank Plc	500,000

- The Fund maintains the following bank accounts with related parties as at September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Nature of Bank		
Related party	<u>balance</u>	Balance as at September 30,	
		<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
		<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Oman Arab Bank	Current account	696,670	649,475
		<del></del>	=====
Arab Bank Plc - Jordan	Current account	58,881	9,360
		=====	
Arab Bank Plc – Bahrain			
Branch	Current account	8,057	14,178

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT:

Financial instruments consist of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets of the Fund include securities designated at fair value through profit or loss, cash at banks and other assets.

Financial liabilities of the Fund include accrued fees and charges and due to a related party.

#### Significant accounting policies

Significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised in respect of each class of financial assets and liabilities are set out in Note 3.

#### Categories of financial instruments

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
Financial assets	1 961 129	4 422 715
Securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	4,864,438	4,432,715
Receivables (including cash at banks)	2,705,668	2,921,812
	_======	======
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost	79,397	126,073
	======	

#### Financial risk management objectives

The Fund Manager provides services to the Fund, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Fund through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk comprising profit rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk.

#### 14.1 CREDIT RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

To mitigate this risk, the Fund spreads its investments, to the extent possible, over various types of counterparties consisting mainly of equity securities in different industries. However, where concentration is inevitable, the Fund takes precautions to reduce this additional risk to acceptable levels.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with a good credit-rating assigned by international credit rating agencies.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

#### 14.1 CREDIT RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Exposure to credit risk

The management of the Fund believes that the carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk.

Recorded financial assets have not been provided as collateral for any facilities.

#### 14.2 LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities, it arises because of the possibility that the entity could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or reimburse the Unitholders as a result of market illiquidity.

The Fund manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient funds in current accounts held with banks.

The liquidity profile of financial liabilities reflects the projected cash flows over the life of these financial liabilities. The financial liabilities at September 30, 2010 & 2009 have a maturity of three months or less.

#### 14.3 MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Fund's market risk is managed through diversification of the investments portfolio exposure. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Investment Manager.

#### 14.3.1 Profit Rate Risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market profit rates.

The Fund is not exposed to profit rate risk as no investments are held with profit bearing bonds or securities.

#### 14.3.2 Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are denominated primarily in GCC currencies and Jordanian Dinar and Egyptian Pound. The Fund is not exposed to significant currency risk with respect to GCC currencies (except the Kuwaiti Dinar) and Jordanian Dinar, as these currencies are effectively pegged to the US Dollar. 9.1% (2009: 8.6%) and 10.0% (2009: 11.3%) of the value of its investments are denominated in Kuwaiti Dinars and Egyptian Pounds respectively for which the Fund is exposed to currency risk.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

## 14.3 MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

## 14.3.2 Currency Risk (Continued)

Exchange rate exposures to the Kuwaiti Dinars ("KWD") and Egyptian Pounds ("EGP") are managed through continuously monitoring exchange rate fluctuations.

The carrying amounts of the Fund's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Liabilities</u>	
	<u> 2010</u>	<u> 2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009
	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>	<u>USD</u>
KWD	655,638	597,220	1,405	40,181
OMR	687,400	783,508	, -	-
QAR	1,306,465	1,108,559	-	17,349
AED	1,226,778	1,158,681	-	-
SAR	2,416,256	2,167,570	-	_
EGP	820,726	1,210,521	-	_
JOD	222,017	9,360	_	_
BHD	66,943	76,248	15,477	14,854

#### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items in Kuwaiti Dinar and Egyptian Pound, and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates with all other variables held constant. 5% represents management's assessment of the reasonable possible change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in the net assets resulting from operations and a negative number indicates a decrease in net assets resulting from operations where USD strengthens 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of USD against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the results for the year.

Currency	2010 Effect on the results for the year USD	2009 Effect on the results for the year USD
KWD	- 32,712	- 27,852
EGP	- 41,036	- 60,526

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT: (CONTINUED)

#### 14.3 MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

#### 14.3.3 Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual share prices. Equity price risk arises from the change in fair values of equity investments. The Fund manages the risk through diversification of investments in terms of geographical distribution, to the extent permissible in the Prospectus, and industry concentration. As at the year end, significant portion of the Fund's equity investment were in equities listed on the securities markets of Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Jordan and Bahrain.

The effect on the results for the year (as a result of a change in the fair value of equity instruments held as investments at fair value through profit or loss at the year ends) presented due to a reasonably possible change in market indices, with all other variables held constant, is as follows:

		<u> 2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
		Effect on the results	Effect on the results for the
	Change in equity	for the year	<u>vear</u>
Market indices	price(%)	<u>USD</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{USD}}$
Kuwait	+5	22,143	19,106
Oman	+5	11,699	6,372
Qatar	+5	40,088	31,056
United Arab Emirates	+5	25,202	28,836
Saudi Arabia	+5	108,651	108,078
Egypt	+5	24,338	25,085
Bahrain	+5	2,944	3,103
Jordan	+5	8,157	-

There would be an equal and opposite impact on the results for the year, had there been a decrease in equity prices by 5%.

#### 14.4 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for Unitholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Fund consists of Unitholders' capital. The Fund does not have borrowings.

#### 15. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates.

The Directors believe that the fair values of financial instruments are not significantly different from the carrying values included in the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### 15. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: (CONTINUED)

#### 15.1 Fair value measurements recognised in the statement of financial position

Financial instruments are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

All financial assets at FVTPL are grouped within Level 1. Further, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year. There are no financial assets catergorised as "available-for-sale" as at the reporting date.

There are no financial liabilities at FVTPL at the reporting date.

#### 16. NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT:

	Net Asset Value USD	Number of Units in issue	Net Asset Value Per Unit USD
As at September 30, 2010	7,490,709	1,330,080	5.6318
As at September 30, 2009	7,228,454	1,295,505	5.5796

The net asset value per unit is based on net assets and units outstanding as at the year ends.

## ANNEXURE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

## ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### **Additional Disclosures**

The additional disclosures as required by "Appendix E – Contents of Financial Reports" to the Rulebook on Collective Investment Undertakings (CIU) – Volume 6 on Capital Markets are as follows:

#### I Investment Portfolio as at September 30, 2010

## Top five holdings

Description	Number of shares	Cost USD	Fair Value USD	Fair value as % of total NAV
Kuwait				
Kuwait Finance House	64,136	264,885	261,237	3.49%
		264,885	261,237	3.49%
Qatar			***************************************	
Industries Qatar	17,000	531,417	508,578	6.79%
		531,417	508,578	6.79%
Saudi Arabia				
Saudi Telecom Company	36,000	471,722	371,495	4.96%
Etihad Etisalat	22,000	247,651	312,379	4.17%
Al Rajhi Bank	14,000	279,228	293,980	3.92%
		998,601	977,854	13.05%
Total		1,794,903	1,747,669	23.33%
		========	=======	==

Note: The CBB in its letter dated January 19, 2011 has granted the Fund an exemption from disclosing the entire Investment Portfolio, and to disclose the top 5 investments instead.

## ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

## **Additional Disclosures (Continued)**

## II Performance table

	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2008	2009	2010
	USD	USD	USD
Net Asset Value	9,563,873	7,228,454	7,490,709
NAV Per Unit	7.9153	5.5796	5.6318
Highest Subscription Price	10.2769	7.9154	5.7797
Lowest Redemption Price	Note (a)	4.7924	5.4627

Note (a): There were no redemptions during this period.